

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450 Alexandria, Vignia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

				• •		
APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/654,735 09/05/2000		ATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO. 8428	
		000	Donald R. Titterington	D/A0306II		
21567	7590 06	6/17/2003				
	JOHN ROBE	RTS GREG	EXAMINER .			
601 W. FIRST AVENUE SUITE 1300				SERGENT, RABON A		
SPOKANE,	WA 99201-382	8		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		4		1711		
			DATE MAIL ED: 06/17/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				l					
		Application No. Applicant(s)		Applicant(s)					
		09/654,735		TITTERINGTON ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
		Rabon Sergent		1711					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL'MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, how y within the statutory mi will apply and will expire c, cause the application to	ever, may a reply be time nimum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from the o become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely ne mailing date of this co (35 U.S.C. § 133).	/. ommunication.				
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07</u>	<u> April 2003</u> .							
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-f	nal.						
3)□ Dispositi	<u> </u>								
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-20 and 39-44 is/are pending in the	application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 39-44</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)□	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Application Papers									
9) 🗆 -	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.									
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-	·(d) or (f).					
a)[a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti		•		application).				
a	☐ The translation of the foreign language pro acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	visional applicati	on has been rece	ived.	,,				
Attachment	c(s)								
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)	Interview Summary (Notice of Informal Pa Other:						
J.S. Patent and Tr PTO-326 (Rev		ction Summary		Part of Paper No. 7					

Art Unit: 1711

1. Claims 43 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The structure is incorrect, because a bonded hydrogen is missing from one of the urethane nitrogen atoms.

2. Claims 39-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The language, "selected from among", is not accepted Markush language. Markush groups are, by definition, closed to the inclusion of additional species; however, it is not clear from applicants' language if the group is closed to the inclusion of other species.

3. Claims 6-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Applicants have provided enablement only for the use and production of non-polymeric urethanes; however, it is unclear that applicants' claimed urethanes exclude polymeric products. Contrary to applicants' response, the claims have not been amended to address the rejection.

Art Unit: 1711

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 6-12, 15, and 39-44 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 36-38 and 43-45 of copending Application No. 09/078,190. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.

Art Unit: 1711

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

- 6. Claims 1-20 and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-58 of U.S. Patent No. 5,994,453. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.
- 7. Claims 6-12, 15, and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 4, 5, 16, and 17 of U.S. Patent No. 5,750,604. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.
- 8. Claims 6-12, 15, and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 4 and 5 of U.S. Patent No. 5,782,966. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.
- 9. Claims 6-12, 15, and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 5, 6, 11, 12, 23, 24, 29, and

Art Unit: 1711

30 of U.S. Patent No. 5,783,658. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.

- 10. Claims 6-12, 15, and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-4 and 27-29 of U.S. Patent No. 5,827,918. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.
- 11. Claims 6-12, 15, and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-4, 6-10, 16, 17, 23-30, 33, 35-39, 49, and 50 of U.S. Patent No. 5,830,942. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.
- 12. Claims 6-12, 15, and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 9, 10, 13, 14, 32, 33, 36, and 37 of U.S. Patent No. 5,919,839. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.

Application/Control Number: 09/654,735

Art Unit: 1711

13. Claims 1-20 and 39-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 8, 9, 12, and 34 of U.S. Patent No. 6,057,399. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each claim set is drawn to a phase change ink composition comprising a urethane derived from a fused ring alcohol.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (703) 308-2982.

RABON SERGENT PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 6

R. Sergent

June 14, 2003